# Washington State Minority and Justice Commission

# COMMISSION MEETING



Gonzaga University School of Law Faculty Reading Room, Library 4th Floor Spokane, Washington Friday, April 1, 2016 11:45 a.m. - 2:00 p.m.

# **MINORITY AND JUSTICE COMMISSION**



GONZAGA UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF LAW, SPOKANE, WASHINGTON FACULTY READING ROOM, LIBRARY 4TH FLOOR FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 2016 (11:45 a.m. – 2:00 p.m.)

JUSTICE MARY YU, CO-CHAIR

JUSTICE CHARLES W. JOHNSON, CO-CHAIR

# **AGENDA**

# CALL TO ORDER - 11:45 a.m. - 12:00 p.m.

- Call to Order and Introductions
- Approval of February 5, 2016, Meeting Minutes

# CO-CHAIRS' REPORT - 12:00 p.m. - 12:45 p.m.

- Legislative Priorities from the Board for Judicial Administration (BJA)
- 2016 Supreme Court Symposium May 25, Temple of Justice
- ➤ Vancouver Ron Davis Community Forum April 17, Clark College

# STAFF & COMMITTEE REPORTS - 12:45 p.m. - 2:00 p.m.

- > Staff Report Stacy Smith
- > Juvenile Justice Committee Annie Lee
- Law Student Liaisons
  - Gonzaga
  - Seattle U & UW
- > Education Committee Justice Stephens
  - Appellate Judges' Spring Conference
    - o Topic: Mass Incarceration Justice Stephens
    - o Tuesday, April 5, 8:30-10:30 a.m.
  - SCJA Spring Conference
    - o Topic: Bail Judge Doyle
    - o Monday, April 18, 1:30-3:30 p.m.
  - DMCJA Spring Conference
    - o Topic: Relicensing Judge Coburn & Judge Walden
    - o June 6, 9:30-11:20 a.m.
  - Fall Annual Conference
    - Topic: Perceptions of Justice Part II: Working Towards Proactive Leadership Reducing the Harmful Effects of Implicit Bias – Justice Stephens
      - Monday, September 12, 1:30-3:00 p.m.
      - Topic: Jury Diversity and Implicit Bias, What Should Courts Do? Judge Doyle
        - Monday, September 12, 3:30-5:00 p.m.
- ➤ Workforce Diversity Committee Bonnie Glenn
- > Outreach Committee Judge Yule

### **ADJOURNMENT**

**NEXT MEETING:** Supreme Court Symposium, Temple of Justice, Wed., May 25, 2016, 8:30a.m.-1:00p.m.



Washington State Minority and Justice Commission (WSMJC)
Friday, February 5, 2016
8:45 a.m. – 1:00 p.m.
Seattle University School of Law
Seattle, Washington



## **MEETING NOTES**

## **Commission Members Present**

Justice Mary Yu, Co-Chair
Justice Debra Stephens
Judge Lisa Atkinson
Prof. Lori Bannai
Mr. Jeffrey Beaver
Ms. Anne Benson
Mr. Steve Clem
Judge Linda Coburn
Prof. William Covington
Sgt. Adrian Diaz
Mr. Mike Diaz

Judge Lisa Dickinson Judge Theresa Doyle Ms. Marie Eggart Prof. Jason Gillmer

Prof. Jason Gillmei Ms. Bonnie Glenn Mr. Uriel Iñiguez

Ms. Anne Lee

Judge LeRoy McCullough

Ms. Karen Murray Ms. P. Diane Schneider

Judge Lori Smith Mr. Travis Stearns

# **Student Liaisons Present**

Ms. Manal Al-ansi Mr. Jamie Cuevas Jr.

Ms. Sarah Erickson

Ms. Sarah Freeburg Ms. Angela Jones

Ms. Martina Kartman

Ms. Astor Kidane

Mr. Frank Ovono Ms. Desiree Phair

Ms. Harkiran Sekhon

Ms. Harkiran Seknon Ms. Sara Taboada

Mr. Joshua Treybig

### **Members Not Present**

Justice Charles Johnson, Co-Chair Judge Veronica Alicea-Galvan Prof. Robert Boruchowitz Mr. Steve Clem Mr. Russell Hauge Ms. Yemi Fleming-Jackson Ms. Carla Lee Commissioner Joyce McCown, Ret. Judge Gregory Sypolt

Judge Gregory Sypolt Judge Kimberly Walden Mr. John Yasutake Judge Dennis Yule, Ret.

# **AOC Staff Present**

Ms. Stacy Smith

### Guests

Mr. Travis Alley
Ms. Kathy Bradley
Ms. Karen Campbell
Ms. Mariah Ferraz
Ms. Janice Langbehn
Ms. Joanne Moore
Dr. Carl McCurley
Mr. Salvador Mungia
Mr. George Yeannakis

Ms. Jennifer Yogi

# **APPROVAL OF MINUTES**

The meeting minutes from the December 4, 2015, meeting were approved.

# **CO-CHAIRS REPORT**

## Welcome

Dean Donna Deming, Seattle University School of Law Dean of Student Affairs, welcomed the Commission to the law school. Dean Deming discussed her experience as a member of the Commission for nine years during a time when she was the only African American staff at the law school when it was at the University of Puget Sound. She reflected on the increase of diversity since that time and on the many accomplishments of the Commission.

# **Staff Changes/Transitions**

Ms. Stacy Smith is the new staff for the Minority and Justice Commission. Ms. Cynthia Delostrinos, Manager of the Supreme Court Commissions, is on maternity leave until April 2016.

### **Renewal of the Commission**

The Commission has been unanimously approved by the Supreme Court for a new five-year term to run from 2015-2020.

# **Re-appointment of Members**

Professor Bob Boruchowitz and Mr. Jeffrey Beaver have been re-appointed to the Commission for another four-year term.

# **Revision of Bylaws**

Justice Yu discussed proposed amendments to the bylaws regarding membership. These revisions have been discussed at the past two Commission meetings. The updated bylaws were sent to the Commission prior to the meeting. There were no questions regarding the revisions.

Mr. Jeffrey Beaver made a motion to accept the proposed changes to the bylaws. Seconded by Judge Doyle. The Commission agreed unanimously.

# 2016 Supreme Court Symposium

The 2016 Symposium will be held at the Temple of Justice on Wednesday, May 25, 2016. The Commission will be examining the front-end of the criminal justice system (bail, plea bargaining, appearance bonds, etc.) and the disparities people of color face while trying to navigate the system.

## LFO Report/Study

The Commission is working with the Brennan Center on an LFO study that will examine data over a two-year time span. SCJA has taken on the topic and voted to have the Commission do the research. The study will focus on specific counties: King, Clark, Spokane, Benton, Franklin. The AOC will provide revenue data by the end of February. Data is still needed on the cost of collecting LFOs.

Ms. Sara Taboada, intern with Columbia Legal Services and SU MJC Law Student Liaison, is working with Mr. Nick Allen on an LFO research project. Ms. Taboada has been calling clerks in each of the 39 counties to get data on general LFO practices, remission, interest waivers, hearings, motions, enforcement proceedings, and more. She has only gotten responses from ten of the 39 thus far and will be following up with the counties. The data she has collected shows that practices vary greatly by county. She will discuss with Mr. Allen whether the results of her research will be made public.

Northwest Justice Project has worked with LFO litigants for remission and per se cases. Law Help resources will be available soon. NJP is also collecting data on LFO practices with a focus on Benton County.

Recently, additional LFOs have raised concern:

- The Jury Pay Bill is before legislature this term. The bill would impose jury costs on losing criminal defendants.
- The cost of appeals is chilling the right of appeal for those who cannot afford the up to \$5000 Appellate Court fee. Justice Madsen has a committee reviewing whether the rule on appellate costs should be revised to give judges more discretion with imposing this cost. As it now reads, the rule requires Commissioners to make the decision on whether to impose appellate costs.
- Defendants are asked to challenge an LFO but often they cannot contest because if they lose they will have to incur additional costs.

The LFO Reform Bill has passed unanimously in the House. The Senate has not yet moved forward.

Related, SU will be hosting a Defender's Conference on March 13<sup>th</sup>. Cash-bail warrants and additional LFO topics will be presented.

# **National Consortium on Race and Ethnic Fairness**

The Consortium will be held May 25-27 in Williamsburg, VA. The theme is "Engaging Communities: Building Trust and Increasing Confidence." The conference begins on the same day as the Supreme Court Symposium is scheduled and is during Supreme Court oral arguments. The Commission should send members and staff if possible. There are funds to send one staff and two Commission members. Judge Lori-Kay Smith and Judge Galvan have offered to attend the Consortium.

# **PRESENTATIONS**

Statewide Relicensing Program – Karen Campbell, Northwest Justice Project

Ms. Karen Campbell of Northwest Justice Project presented on the Statewide Driver's Relicensing Program that aims to enable drivers whose licenses have been suspended for delinquent fines to consolidate their fines into simple and affordable payment plans. In November 2014, a group of stakeholders convened to discuss the relicensing issue. The group generated a list of barriers faced by those dealing with relicensing issues. First, the cycle of poverty can be even more difficult to break without a license if one cannot get to work and is therefore unable to make money to get out of poverty. Second, private collections can add numerous costly fees to already potentially insurmountable debt. Third, some face multiple holds on their licenses from multiple jurisdictions. This problem is compounded when not all jurisdictions offer the same payment plans, payment terms, and relief. The Relicensing Program offers a solution to these and other barriers. The Program would allow drivers to consolidate all Washington suspending traffic debt into a single plan where participants make payments based on income and holds are released if the participant remains current in payments. The Program calls for state agency administration either directly or by contract with an accounts receivable company, both of which could be self-funded through administrative fees on participants' accounts. Relicensing bills are currently before the House and Senate.

Questions and concerns were discussed regarding the Program:

- Interest would not accumulate during participation in the Program for participants making timely payments. Once a participant joins the Program, interest owed goes away unless the participant defaults on payments.
- Amnesty for old debts would likely not be supported and is not included in the bills.
- Participants would be responsible for a diversion fee to pay administrative costs. The five-dollar fee currently being charged in the Spokane program was found by the stakeholder group to be a reasonable fee.
- There was a question whether legislation was needed for a relicensing program.
   Stakeholders decided legislation was the way to get everyone on board across the state.
   Many view the Program as a win-win for courts to get the money owed and for defendants to have their license reinstated.
- Still have racial disparity because people of color are disproportionately affected by policing and by the number of tickets received.
- This Program is not for those with commercial and restricted licenses; those types of tickets can be addressed through the already established Occupational License Project.
- It was also discussed whether insurance companies can be a stakeholder because they are parties with interest in having more insurable drivers; insurance rates would likely be higher but participants can still have insurance.

# Rule 35 on Jury Selection - Sal Mungia, Gordon Thomas Honeywell, LLP

Mr. Mungia, a civil litigation attorney at Gordon Thomas Honeywell LLP, provided an overview of a proposed court rule covering procedures for jury selection. The proposed rule addresses issues with Baston challenges of peremptory challenges where attorneys are precluded from using race as a reason to dismiss a potential juror. Reasons must be race-neutral and judge will decide if there is purposeful discrimination, which is a high bar to cross. In *WA vs. Saint-Calle* (2013), the WA Supreme Court discussed the need to strengthen Baston in order to make it work. The proposed rule replaces the purposeful discrimination standard with an objective observer standard where an attorney can raise a challenge if an objective observer would be aware that "purposeful discrimination and unintentional, institutional, or unconscious bias have resulted in the unfair exclusion of potential jurors based on race." The proposed rule outlines a number of factors a judge should consider when making this determination.

The group discussed how workable the proposed rule would be for judges and what more should be added to the proposed rule. It was also discussed whether judges can make a Baston challenge sua sponte; case law says that court can; Mr. Mungia will talk with rule committee about this. There will need to be education to help judges understand why the proposed rule is important and how to use it. It was suggested that Mr. Mungia present at the jury selection session at fall conference.

The proposed rule is now being brought to stakeholders with hopes to have input over the next six months before presenting the final proposed rule. Commission members should email Mr. Mungia with suggestions on stakeholders to bring into the discussion.

The Commission had a consensus to work with the rule committee on revisions to the proposed rule.

# Washington State Truancy Report – Dr. Carl McCurley, Washington State Center for Court Research

Dr. McCurley from the Washington State Center for Court Research discussed the 2015 Washington State Truancy Report that was conducted at the request of the SCJA to examine truancy practices in the state from the perspective of the juvenile courts. Washington State's truancy laws now recommend that schools and courts include interventions to address barriers to school attendance, with specific reference to Community Truancy Boards. As an update of the 2010 report, the 2015 report examined current truancy practices across the state, statewide trends in truancy petition filings, and educational progress and three-year outcomes of students who were petitioned truant during the 2010/11 academic year. Sources of data included a statewide survey of truancy practices in juvenile courts and integrated juvenile court and education data.

# Key findings of the report:

- The total number of truancy petitions filed per year is now nearly equal to the combined number of all juvenile offender filings.
- Statewide, at no time during the past decade have more than 36% of the most chronically truant students in a given school year actually received truancy petitions.
- Almost one-half of all students who received truancy petitions during the 2010/11 school
  year were in grades 9 or 10. Close to one-half of the petitioned truants in grades 6 or
  higher faced juvenile offender charges during the same year or the three-year follow-up
  period. Over one-quarter of the older petitioned truants faced juvenile offender charges
  during the five years preceding their truancy petitions.
- Compared to the general student population, truant youth were disproportionately likely to be American Indian/Alaska Native, Hispanic, or Black.
- Petitioned youth were more likely to be eligible for school-based special education, free or reduced price lunch, migrant or homeless services.
- Many of the 2010/11 petitioned truants had previous truancy petitions, and many more would go on to receive at least one more in the following three years.
- Within four years post-petition, over 60% of petitioned students in grades 9-12 had left high school without earning a diploma, GED, or any other academic credential.
- Most juvenile courts occasionally use secure detention as a sanction for particularly recalcitrant truant youth. Eight percent of the petitioned high school students spent time in juvenile detention in relation to a truancy case.
- Courts report barriers to providing effective truancy prevention programs, including
  funding and establishing/maintaining partnerships with multiple school districts in their
  jurisdiction. Only eleven of the 29 responding juvenile courts operate Community
  Truancy Boards and four others operate other types of truancy prevention programs.
  School districts that operate Community Truancy Boards in partnership with the juvenile
  court system are more proactive in filing truancy petitions than are school districts
  without these programs.

The report informed several policy recommendations: emphasize cross-sector cooperation; establish practice standards for truancy programs; and, continue research and evaluation.

WSCCR has received a grant for \$600,000 spread out over the next four years to evaluate data between the court and education systems and look at the disproportionate impact of truancy for minority groups. Part of the proposal was for an analysis of early childhood data with a focus on Hispanic families. The analysis will focus on how to increase a child's ability for success early in

the child's life and will enable retrospective analysis. Early intervention and tracking could make a difference later in the child's life. This initiative is funded through the same grant as \$50,000 of the total \$600,000.

Dr. McCurley asked for the Commission's support in being a stakeholder in these efforts moving forward. The Juvenile Justice Committee has agreed to work with Dr. McCurley in identifying areas of interest that his team can look into, such as the school to prison pipeline, school discipline, truancy, and racial disproportionality.

# OJJDP Grant: Youth Access to Justice Reform Planning Grant - George Yeannakis and Joanne Moore, MJC Juvenile Justice Committee Members

Mr. Yeannakis and Ms. Moore gave an overview of a federal grant the Washington State Office of Public Defense received to develop a strategic plan to ensure that every youth involved with the criminal justice system in the state has fair and equal access to quality legal representation. The grant provides funds for a team to create a strategic plan for juvenile defendants to get services and to help elevate the juvenile defense system. Part of the problem with services for juvenile defendants is that juvenile public defenders are paid less than other defense attorneys (\$20,000-\$70,000 less in some cases); as a result there is high turnover as many attorneys see juvenile defense as a stepping stone to other positions. One of the goals of the strategic plan is to address these issues and advocate changing the culture.

Washington is one of four states that received the grant, which is the first of its kind. The strategic plan is due in May and the training portion must be completed by September. Once the strategic planning part of the grant is complete, the group will have the opportunity to apply for an implementation grant to put the plan into action. The leads are working with a large crossgroup of stakeholders (approximately 40 people) to help with planning and implementation. The group will meet with court personnel to see what the courts need and what is working in all state counties. There will also be web-based training programs created and made available to everyone on topics like collateral consequences, implicit bias, front- and back-end issues, school discipline, and homelessness.

The leads would like to present the strategic plan to the Commission for feedback and support. The leads will be seeking endorsement from other stakeholders as well.

# **STAFF REPORT**

# Staff Report - Stacy Smith

The Affiliated Tribes of Northwest Indians (ATNI) passed a Resolution supporting the Washington Tribal State Court Consortium. ATNI is a nonprofit organization representing 57 northwest tribal governments from Oregon, Idaho, Washington, southeast Alaska, Northern California and Western Montana. It aims to provide a forum for sharing information on matters of interest to its member Tribes, develop consensus on matters of mutual importance, assist member Tribes in their governmental and programmatic development consistent with their goals for self-determination and self-sufficiency and provide for effective public relations and education programs with non-Indian communities.

The Commission has sent a letter of support for House Bill 2076 regarding racial and ethnic impact statements. This letter mirrors the letter sent to the legislature last year in support of the impact statements. There is no word yet on the progress of the bill.

# **COMMITTEE REPORTS**

# **Law Student Liaisons**

# <u>Gonzaga</u>

The Gonzaga Law Student Liaisons presented their agenda for the Gonzaga University Culture & Ethics Symposium. The date is set for April 1, 2016, and the program will run from 9:00 a.m. until 3:00 p.m. at the law school. The format includes workshops for dialogue, a keynote speaker, and three round robin sessions. The students are working with law school staff to secure CLE credits for legal professionals. Those seeking CLE credits will pay associated costs; event is free to students and community.

The students asked the Commission for thoughts on topics, speakers, and moving the scheduled Commission meeting to Spokane during the day of the symposium. It was suggested that the students include tribal judges as presenters. Judge Jane Smith and Judge Anita Dupree were both suggested. The students will be moving forward with planning and have strong support from the law school.

The Commission will take an email vote about whether to move the April meeting to Spokane.

# **Seattle University & University of Washington**

The SU and UW Student Liaisons would like to collaborate on offering racial justice training for SU and UW law students. The goal of the training is to help students increase language and skills for identifying and discussing racial oppression, to gain tools for intervening in racist dynamics in law practice, and to experience a deeper commitment in working against racism. SU has offered similar training in the past and received overwhelmingly positive feedback from participants. Because the program empowers future lawyers to actualize the Commission's mission to eradicate the effects of racial, ethnic, and cultural bias in our state court system, the students asked the Commission for its support in offering the training and creating a sustainable program at both law schools.

The City of Seattle Office of Civil Rights has agreed to create a customized training for lawyers and students entering the profession. The cost would be \$1000 for a half-day session and \$2000 for a full day of training. The Commission's contribution would cover some costs; UW law school administration has offered to also provide funding. The students would like to have the training this spring in March or April. Student participation was raised as a potential issue. The students discussed strategies to get students to participate, including emphasizing possible networking with Commission members, highlighting why it is important for professional development, and offering a certificate of some sort to highlight on resumes. The training can be marketing through existing programs and throughout the law schools.

The Commission unanimously approved the proposal. Commission members may attend depending on logistics and availability.

# **Juvenile Justice Committee**

The Juvenile Justice Committee is working on a number of projects. The Committee is supporting the work Dr. McCurley is doing with the truancy study. Sgt. Adrian Diaz has agreed to serve as a liaison to Dr. McCurley's stakeholder group on behalf of the Juvenile Justice Committee. Committee members are participating in the stakeholder group and can bring the voice of the Commission to the table. The Committee continues its work on the juvenile autodecline issue by following legislation and looking for ways to educate on why this issue is a concerning justice issue, especially for children of color. In November, the Committee discussed whether the Commission should take a position on the Youth Detention Center. The Committee decided that it would draft a letter identifying 4-5 systemic issues that affect minority youth, not just a focus on the Center, to have a broader conversation. Judge Trickey is drafting the letter in conjunction with Breann Beggs from the Access to Justice Board – it would be a joint collaborative effort between the Commission and ATJ Board. Judge McCullough is working on drafting a letter/statement concerning the school to prison pipeline. The letter's purpose is to make a broad statement that the Commission is paying attention to this issue and to reach out in collaboration with other interest groups, like OSPI. The statement will advise the OSPI that there is a connection with pipeline and disparate justice as well as open the table to work with OSPI to address the issue. Judge Trickey's and Judge McCullough's letters will have some cross-over content and will emphasize key juvenile justice issues.

# **Education Committee**

Proposals have been accepted by SCJA, DMCJA, Appellate Judges Conference, and fall conference. The Appellate presentation is being led by Justice Stephens and will be on the topic of mass incarceration. The DMCJA Spring Conference presentation was being led by Judge Coburn and Judge Walden on the topic of relicensing; this presentation has been put on hold. The Commission will host two presentations during fall conference. The first presentation will be part two of Perceptions of Justice. Tony Greenwald, expert on implicit bias and the IAT, will be speaking. The second presentation will be on jury diversity and implicit bias. The presentation will focus on the AOC jury survey organized by Judge Rosen, proposed court rule 35, and implicit bias. The Committee would still like to have training for administrative staff at some point.

The SCJA Spring Conference presentation is being organized by Judge Doyle on the topic of bail. Judge McCullough proposed a community forum on April 17<sup>th</sup> in Vancouver, WA as an extension of a presentation by Mr. Ron Davis at SCJA on April 18<sup>th</sup>. Mr. Davis, Founder/CEO of the Jordan Davis Foundation, will be showing his film, "3 ½ minutes 10 bullets", at SCJA. The Vancouver community forum will be open to the public and would include showing clips of the film and a dialogue with Mr. Davis. A number of local community and legal organizations will be invited to attend. Judge McCullough requested \$2000.00 for speaker transportation, honorarium, and costs to host forum. Clark College was suggested as a possible venue. The Supreme Court held court at the college in the past. Justice Stephens and Justice Yu will reach out to the college if needed. The Commission asked whether it would be possible to show a full screening of the film. Judge McCullough will check on this. With a consensus of those present, the Commission has agreed to support the event.

# **Workforce Diversity Committee**

Mr. Mike Diaz reported in the absence of Ms. Bonnie Glenn. Three projects that are in the works are the Judges of Color Directory, the Youth and Law Forum Stakeholder collaboration, and pro tem judges training. The Committee has created a process to update the Judges of Color Directory. The Committee will first work with minority bar associations to get their input on

judges in their membership, then get feedback from the Commission as a review of the lists received from the associations, and, lastly, email judges on the list to verify that they want to be included in the directory.

The Committee is working on a Youth and Law website and listserv network to collect resources, program highlights, dates, and event pictures in one place, as well as provide opportunities for the stakeholders to meaningfully engage and collaborate. The website and listserv will be geared towards those who help organize existing forums and those looking to begin youth programming in new areas.

The Committee will also be getting involved with the DMCJA Diversity Committee and WSBA Pro Tem training. The training is done every two years and will be done this year Aug. 19-20 at the WSBA Training Center. Typically there is not much participation by people of color, so the Committee is working on ways to increase participation.

# **Outreach Committee**

Ms. Stacy Smith reported in the absence of Judge Yule. The Committee is working on updating the website. Thank you to those Commission members who have submitted bios and pictures; Judge Yule will be following up with those missing information. Each Committee should review and submit updated goals and objectives to Ms. Smith for the website. The Outreach Committee will soon begin the process of soliciting proposals for the 2016 Artwork/Poster. If you have contacts with artists or community groups, please let the Committee know and they will reach out to them.

# **NEXT COMMISSION MEETING:**

Friday, April 1, 2016, from 8:45 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. location TBD



January 28, 2016

Minority & Justice Commission Justice Mary Yu, Co-chair Washington State Supreme Court 415 12th Ave SW Olympia, WA 98501-2314

Re: Board for Judicial Administration Legislative Committee Agenda

Dear Justice Yu:

The Board for Judicial Administration (BJA) has a standing Legislative Committee, which consists of judges from all levels of court. The purpose of the Legislative Committee is to develop proactive legislation on behalf of the BJA as well as recommend positions on legislation of interest to the BJA.

Shortly after adjournment of the 2016 Legislative Session, the Legislative Committee will begin developing its agenda for the 2017 Legislative Session. Initial criteria for consideration of the development of proactive legislation include whether a request has come from a board, commission, association, or BJA committee; whether the legislation would affect multiple levels of court; whether the bill would further the administration of justice; and whether it fits within the Judicial Branch Principle Policy Objectives (enclosed) and BJA Rules. We invite you to share with us any ideas you may have for potential agenda items. Major endeavors must begin early in interim so that there is ample time to develop and vet the proposal. Thus, we ask that you share with us your ideas no later than June 1, 2016.

While the Legislative Committee will weigh in on any number of bills this year, BJA's only current proactive legislation is SHB 1111, which conforms state law to court rule regarding court transcriptionists. We are very interested in knowing what your agendas for this year are and what bills are of particular interest to you. We look forward to hearing from you either formally or informally in this regard. The Legislative Committee meets via telephone every Monday during session, and bills may be referred to the committee by other entities by emailing the enclosed form to BJA Legislative Committee staff, Mellani McAleenan at mellani.mcaleenan@courts.wa.gov.

We look forward to working with you to improve Washington's justice system.

Sincerely

Judge Sean P. O Donnell

Chair, BJA Legislative Committee

Enc.

Cc: Chief Justice Barbara Madsen, Chair, BJA Judge Scott Sparks, Member-Chair, BJA

Ms. Misty Butler, Administrative Manager, BJA

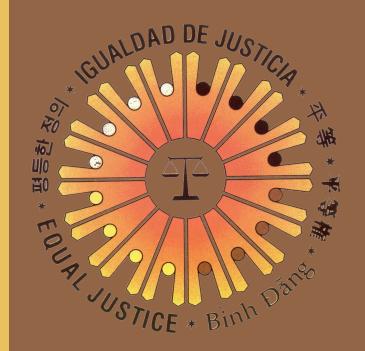
Ms. Stacy Smith, Court Program Assistant

# SUPREME COURT SYMPOSIUM

May 25, 2016 8:30am-1:00pm Temple of Justice Olympia, WA

# Pre-Trial Justice: Reducing the Rate of Incarceration

Pretrial justice is garnering national attention as data shows the challenges that exist in current front-end systems. The Symposium will examine various pre-trial practices and identify opportunities for reform including: risk assessment tools, the reality of poverty and bail practices, and the consequences of denying the right to counsel. The innovative criminal justice reforms currently underway in Yakima and Spokane Counties will also be highlighted.



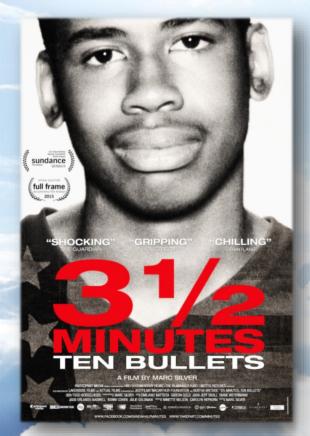
# SAVE

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# DAYND

Sponsored by the Washington State Minority and Justice Commission

Please RSVP by May 18, 2016 Stacy.Smith@courts.wa.gov



# **"3 1/2 Minutes, 10 Bullets" Movie Screening & Community Forum**

Sunday, April 17, 2016 5:00 p.m. Clark College

Gaiser Student Center 1933 Fort Vancouver Way Vancouver, WA 98663

# FREE AND OPEN TO THE PUBLIC!

Join us in a dialogue with Ron Davis, father of Jordan Davis and founder of the Jordan Davis Foundation.

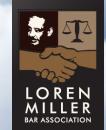
"3 1/2 Minutes, Ten Bullets" journeys through the life and death of Jordan Davis who was an unarmed 17-year-old African American young man from Jacksonville, Florida, when he was killed after a convenience store confrontation over the "thug" music coming from the car occupied by Jordan and his friends. The movie examines the family dynamic, the trial, and the aftermath of Jordan's death.

# **Sponsors:**

MC LEOD LAW LLC

**Washington State Minority & Justice Commission** Jesse Jacobs, Attorney Don Jacobs, Attorney Greg Price, Price Injury Law CLARK COLLEGE **NAACP Vancouver Branch** 





eliminating racism empowering women

clark county



CLARK COUNTY







Heavy appetizers and refreshments will be served

Please RSVP to Stacy Smith at Stacy.Smith@courts.wa.gov

2016 Minority & Justice Commission Calendar of Events		
Date & Time	Event	Location
	JANUARY	
January 26 @ 8:00am-	Judicial College – Judicial Officers Leading the	Embassy Suites, Bellevue
11:30am	Way: Culturally Competent Courtrooms	, ,
	FEBRUARY	
February 5 @ 8:45am-1pm	Commission Meeting	TBD
	MARCH	
March 9	American Law and Justice Workshop	Spokane
APRIL		
April 1 @ 9:00am-4:00pm	GU Culture & Ethics Symposium	Spokane
April 1 @ 11:45am-2:00pm	Commission Meeting	Spokane
April 3-6	Appellate Judges' Spring Conference	Leavenworth
April 17 @5:00pm	Film Viewing & Community Forum	Vancouver
April 18 @ 1:30pm -3:30pm	SCJA Spring Conference – Bail Practices	Skamania Lodge,
0/		Stevenson
April 23 @ 8:00am	Youth & Law Forum	Seattle
April TBD	Mass Incarceration Presentation	Seattle University
MAY		
May 25 @ 8:30-1pm	Supreme Court Symposium	Temple of Justice
May TBD	Alternatives to Suspension Innovations Award	South King County
010	Event	
JUNE		
June 6 @ 9:30am	DMCJA Spring Conference - Relicensing	Campbell's Resort, Lake
*		Chelan
June 24 @ 8:45am-12:45pm	Commission Meeting	TBD
	JULY	
AUGUST		
August 19-20 @ 8am-5pm	DMCJA Pro-Tem Training	WSBA Training Center, Seattle
	SEPTEMBER	
September 11-14	Fall Judicial Conference	Spokane
September 11-14 September TBD	Fall Judicial Conference Judges of Color Reception	Spokane Spokane
September TBD	Judges of Color Reception	Spokane
September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am-	Judges of Color Reception	Spokane
September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am-	Judges of Color Reception Commission Meeting	Spokane TBD Heritage University,
September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am- 12:45pm	Judges of Color Reception Commission Meeting OCTOBER	Spokane TBD
September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am- 12:45pm	Judges of Color Reception  Commission Meeting  OCTOBER  Tri-Cities Youth & Justice Forum	Spokane TBD Heritage University,
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September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am- 12:45pm October 6	Judges of Color Reception Commission Meeting  OCTOBER  Tri-Cities Youth & Justice Forum  NOVEMBER  DECEMBER	Spokane TBD  Heritage University, Toppenish, WA
September TBD September 23 @ 8:45am- 12:45pm October 6  December 2 @ 8:45am-	Judges of Color Reception  Commission Meeting  OCTOBER  Tri-Cities Youth & Justice Forum  NOVEMBER	Spokane TBD  Heritage University, Toppenish, WA  TBD (Possible Joint
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There has been much discussion lately questioning the construction of a new juvenile detention facility in King County. Many believe there are too many youth, especially those of color, unjustly held in custody. They argue that the primary goal for a juvenile justice system should be harm reduction, which is rarely accomplished by incarceration.

The juvenile detention facility controversy comes at a time when the United States and Washington state are in the midst of an important reexamination of many approaches to criminal justice that have led to the mass incarceration of minority youth and adults. As members of the Washington Minority and Justice Commission and the Access to Justice Board, we believe that action can be taken now that has the potential to transform our justice system and result in less crime and far fewer minority youth and adults languishing in detention facilities, jails and prisons.

First, we must begin by changing the approach to school discipline that has resulted in children being unable to obtain an education and stay out of the criminal justice system. For far too long we have been content to suspend or expel many minority students for perceived offenses that did not result in discipline for white students engaged in the same behavior. Once out of school, the path back is so difficult that many children cannot return and their families cannot help them get there. Studies show that finishing school gives youth the skills to better find jobs. We need a highly educated society to compete in the 21st Century world economy.

Second, we must use our evolving understanding of the complex problems many minority youth face even if they manage to stay in school to create ways that support rather than ignore their critical needs. We must restructure and better fund our mental

health system and chemical dependency treatment services so that families can better access care for their children. Many youth find themselves detained for incidents stemming from untreated mental illnesses or chronic chemical dependency. The stress this causes families leads to too much involvement with law enforcement and inevitably affects school attendance.

Third, we must reexamine the sentencing schemes put into place over the past generation which have resulted in large numbers of minority youth in custody. We should seek to keep as many young people out of the criminal justice system as possible, with increased diversion and options for services. Once criminal charges are filed, we should be guided more by restorative justice that holds people accountable while acknowledging the rights of victims. And we should not impose legal financial obligations that are insurmountable for impoverished young people and their families.

Systematic reform as outlined above along with other measures will reduce the incarceration of minority youth, reduce crime and strengthen our community.

The time for pilot programs is over. We need our positional leaders to use their authority and power to design and implement a holistic systems approach for the young people in our criminal justice system. These changes should reflect what we know and works and does not work in our current system. The sooner we and our leaders act, the sooner we will start reducing crime, saving money and reclaiming the lives of our young people at risk, so that they can become productive and contributing members of our community.